

H. A. TANAKA

FIXED MASS π^0 FIT

FIXED/CONSTRAINED FITTING

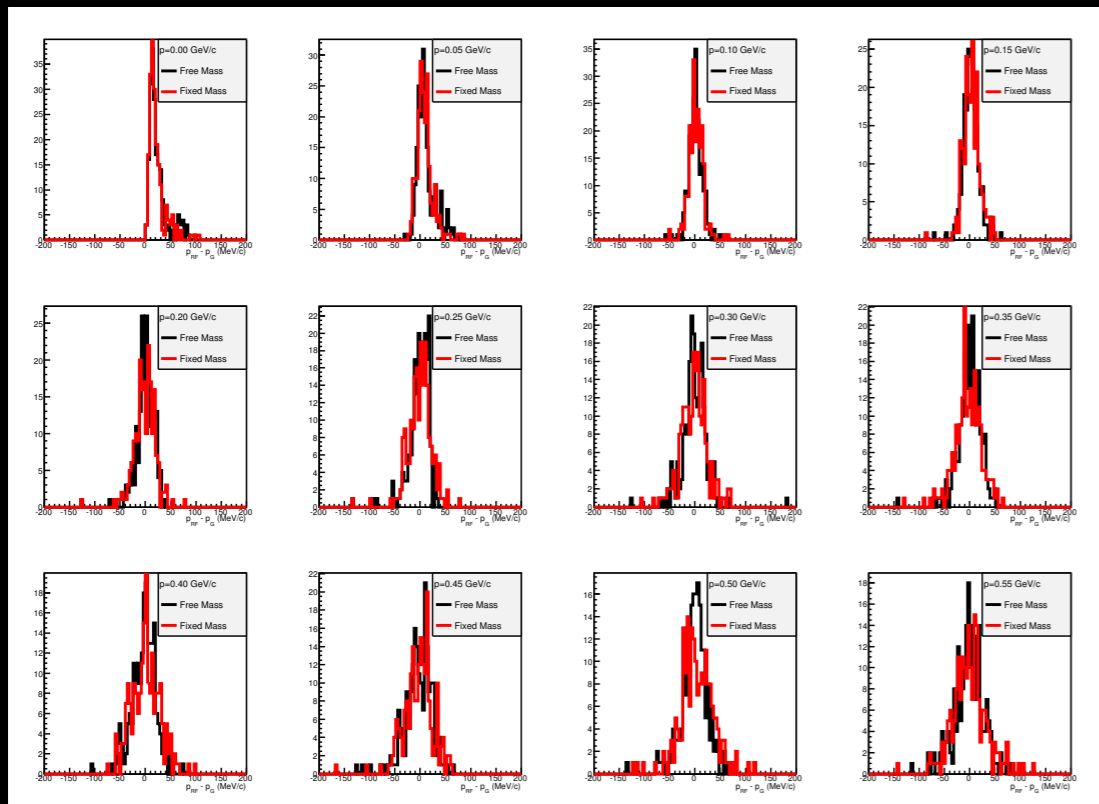
- Basic idea: add independent information to the fit
- e.g.:
 - photons from π^0 decay should point back to the same vertex
 - pions from kaon decay should come from a common point
 - total energy in an e^+e^- collision
 - **photons from π^0 decay should have $m_{\gamma\gamma} = m_{\pi^0}$**
- Resolutions, information from fit should be improved by additional assumptions (=information) in the fit.
 - benefits downstream: $p \rightarrow e^+ + \pi^0$
- Ring finding, π^0 rejection may also improve
- Nomenclature:
 - fixed: parameter is actually fixed to a value
 - constrained: parameter varies with external error/covariance
- Here, we are discussing "fixed π^0 mass fit"

HOW IT WORKS

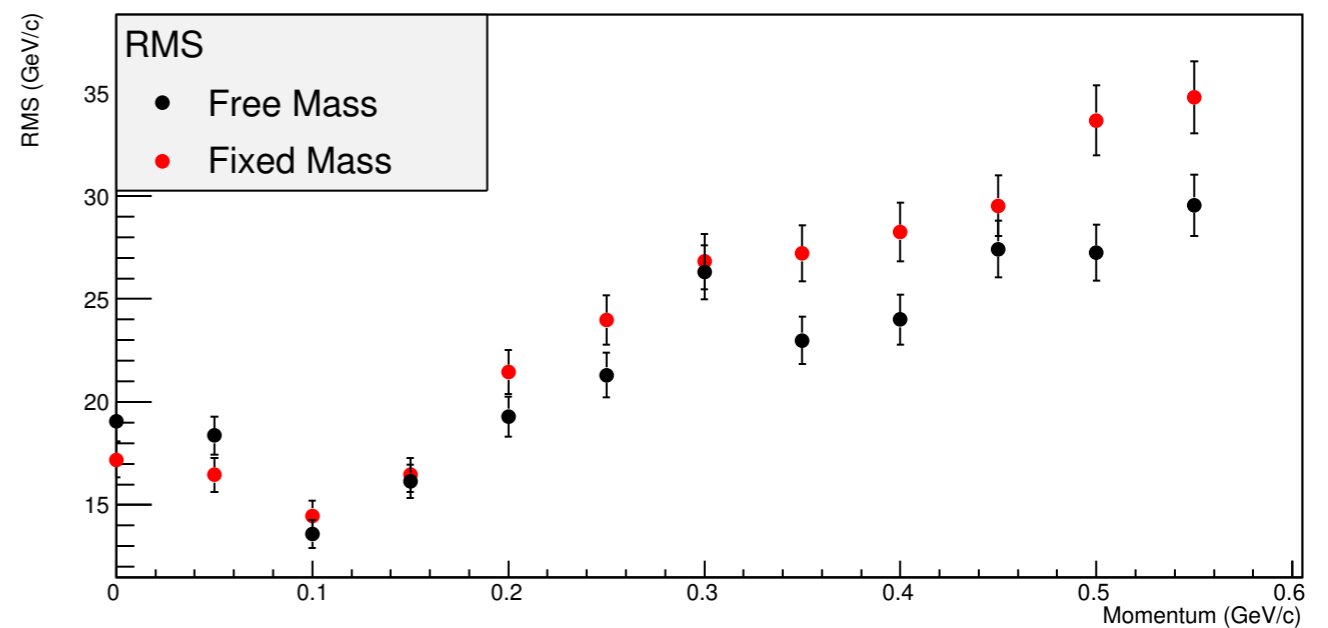
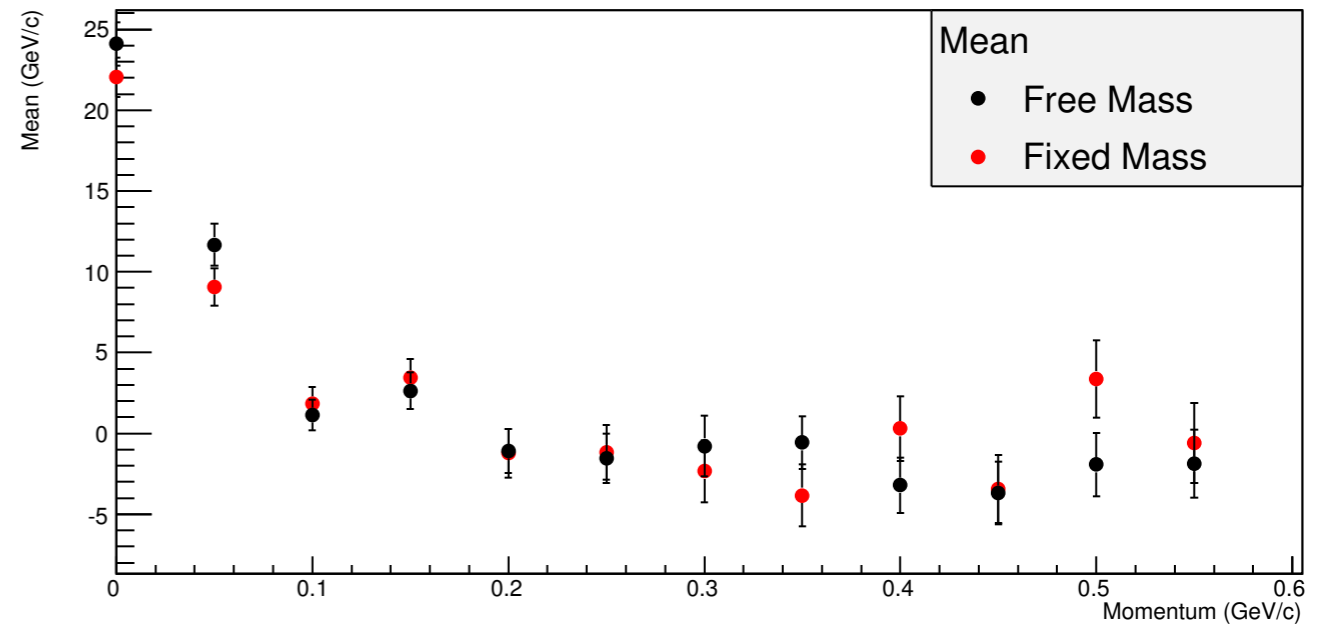
$$m^2 c^4 = 2E_1 E_2 (1 - \cos \theta)$$

- In normal fit, there are 12 free parameters:
 - 4-vertex of π^0 decay (4 parameters)
 - momentum of each photon (6 parameters)
 - conversion length of each photon (2 parameter)
- In current fixed mass fit, E_2 becomes function of other parameters in order to give π^0 mass

INITIAL STUDY



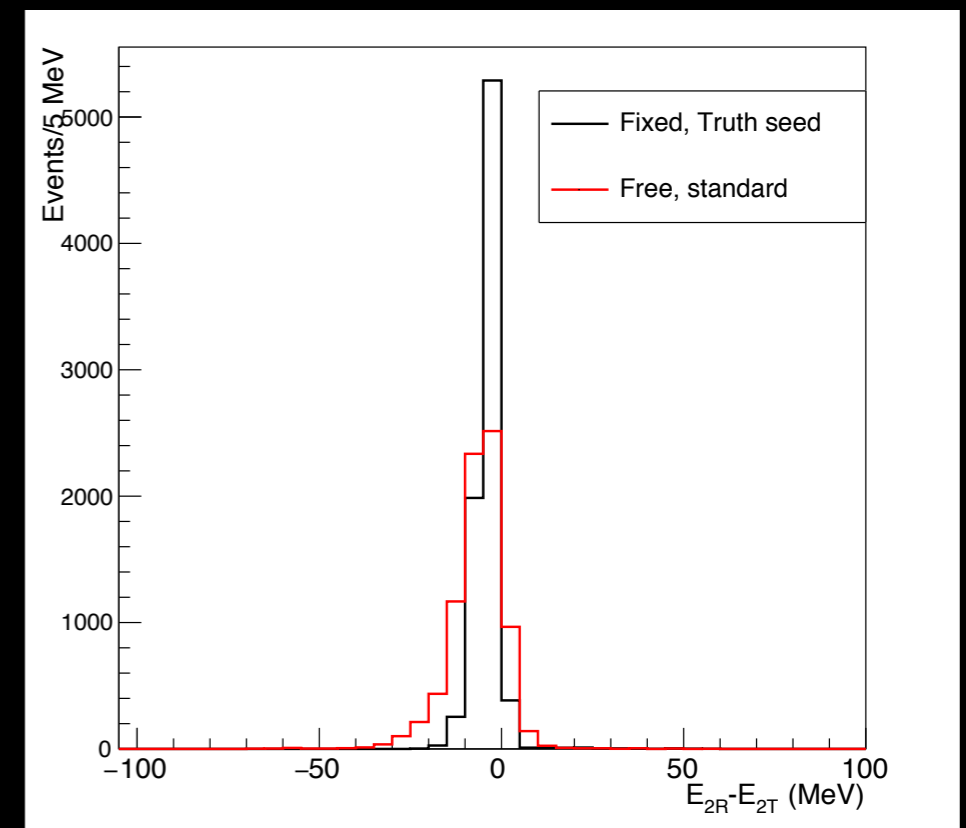
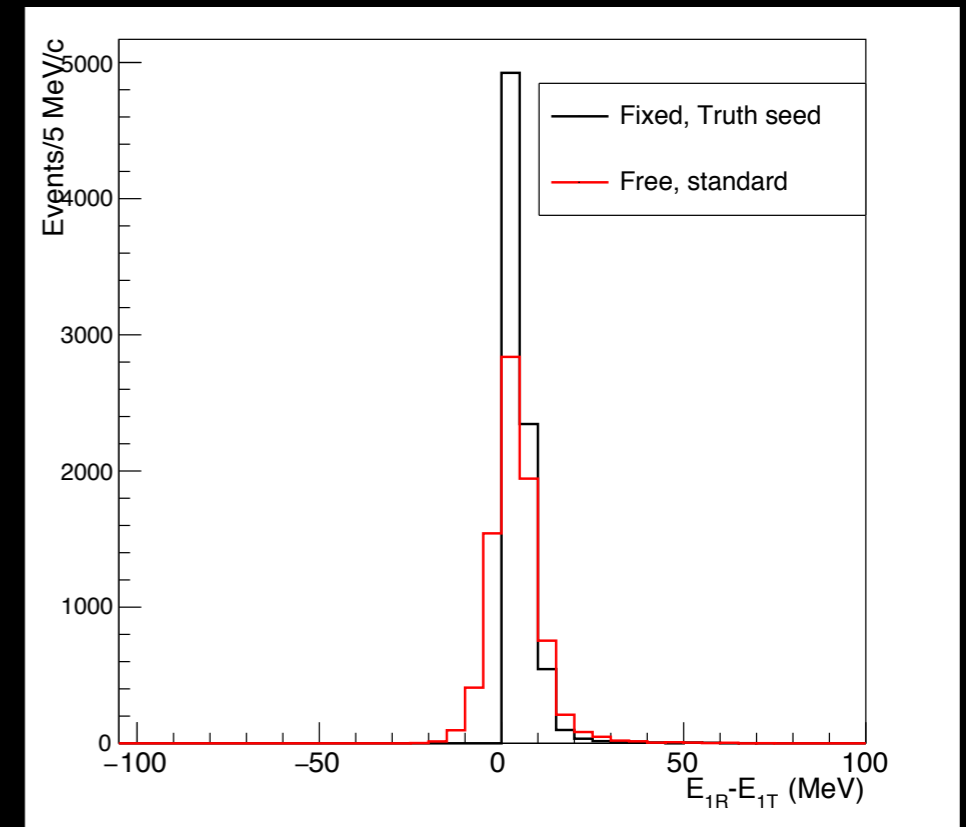
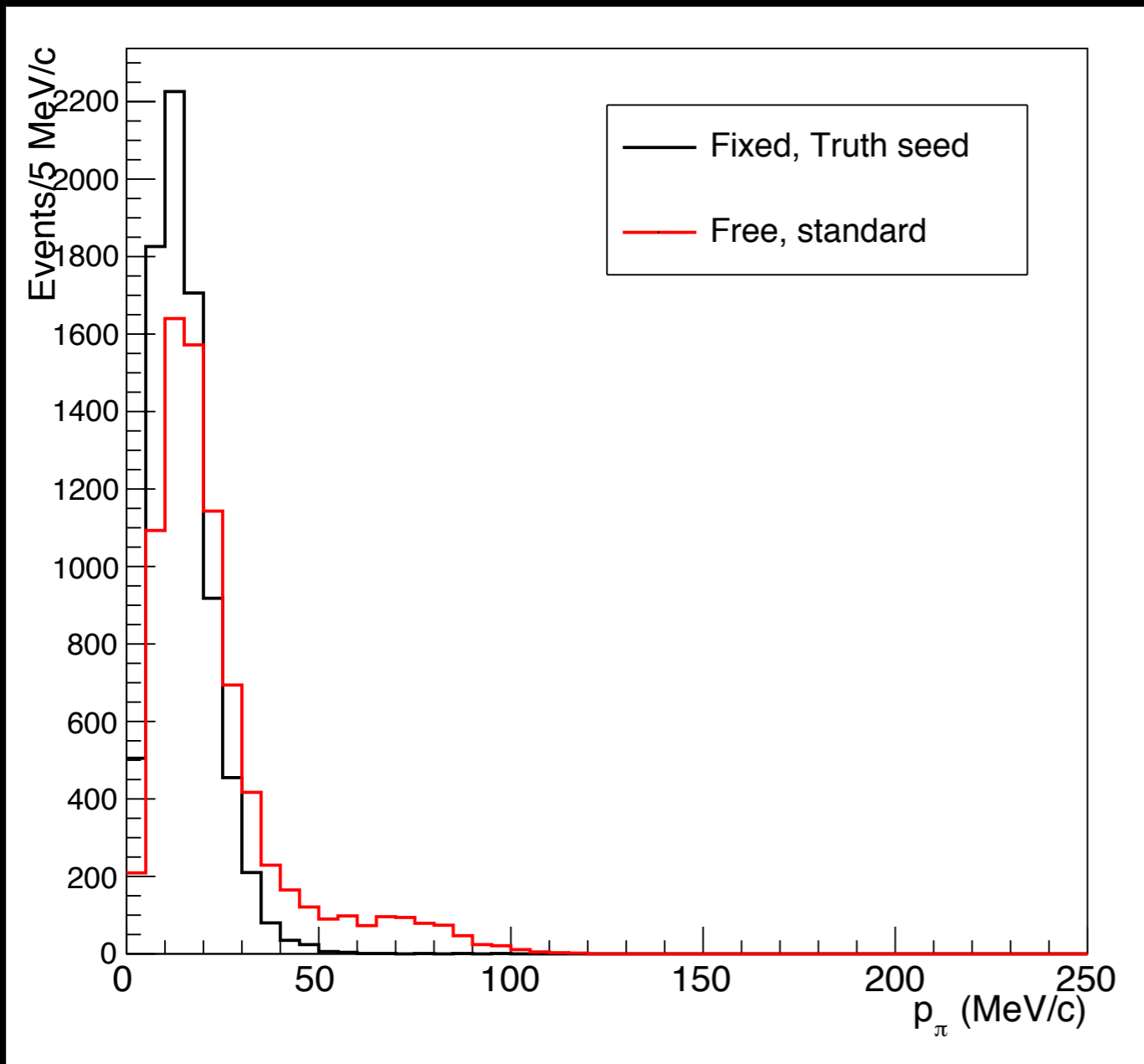
- Performance (at least in terms of momentum resolution) appears worse for fixed-mass fit
- Need to investigate seeding, etc.
- First see "ultimate" performance with truth seeding



TRUTH SEEDING

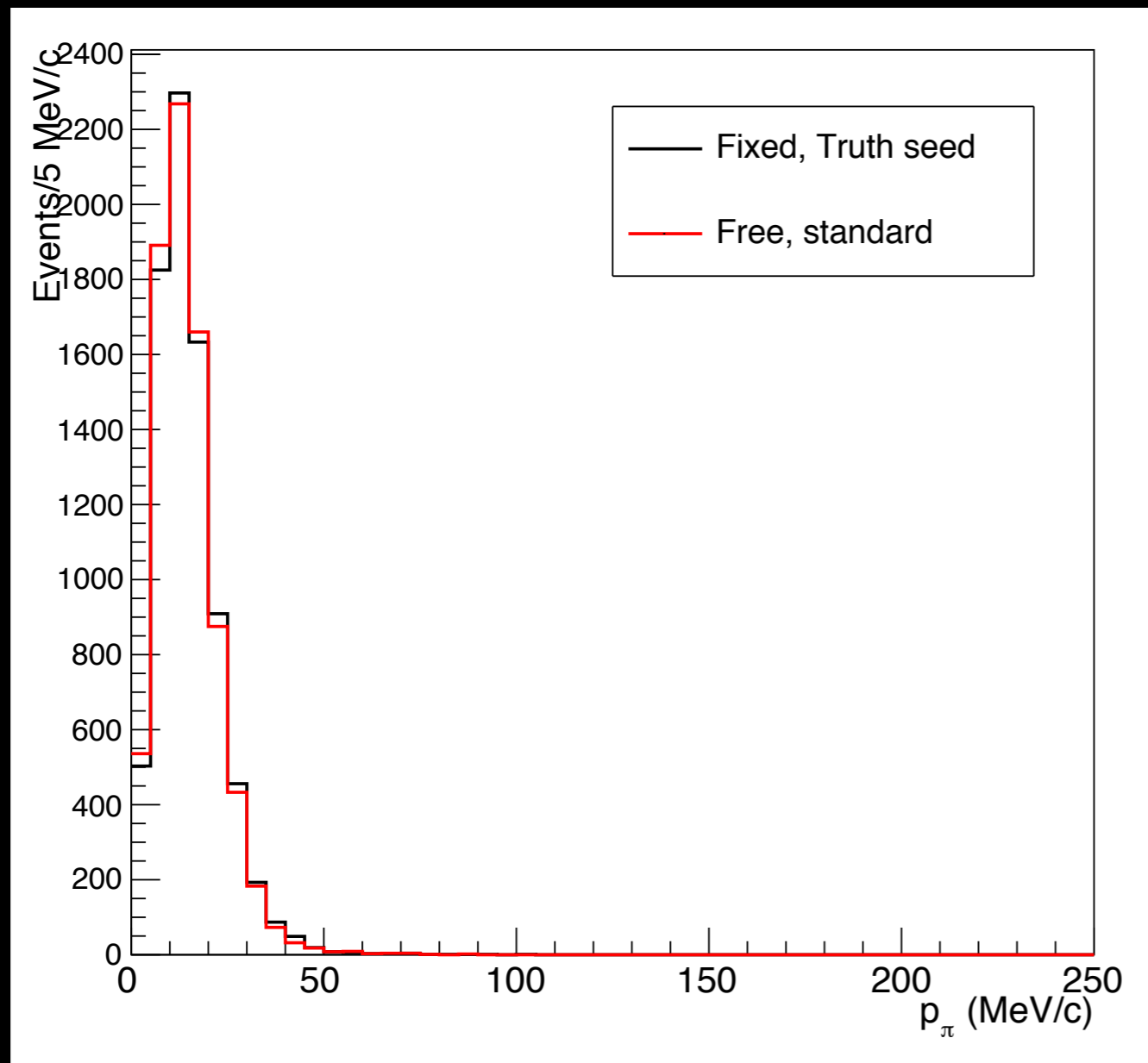
- “Truth” seeding has been improved
- In past, photon conversion points were not set to true values
- With secondary information, we can now set these to the true point as well (conversion/scatter point)
- for Dalitz decays
 - e^+e^- pair is called the “second photon”
 - vertex of “second photon” is at decay point
- Thanks to Sophie and Shimpei for help in extracting information from secondary stack

FIX W/TRUTH SEEDING (P=0 MEV/C)

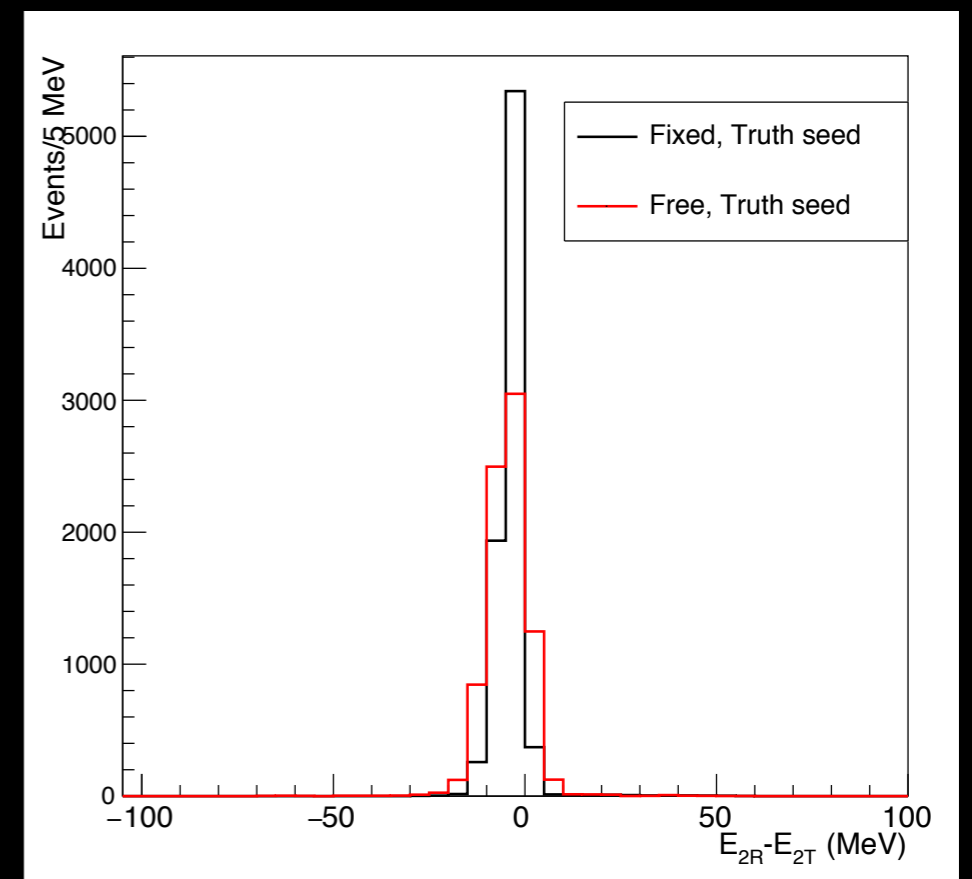
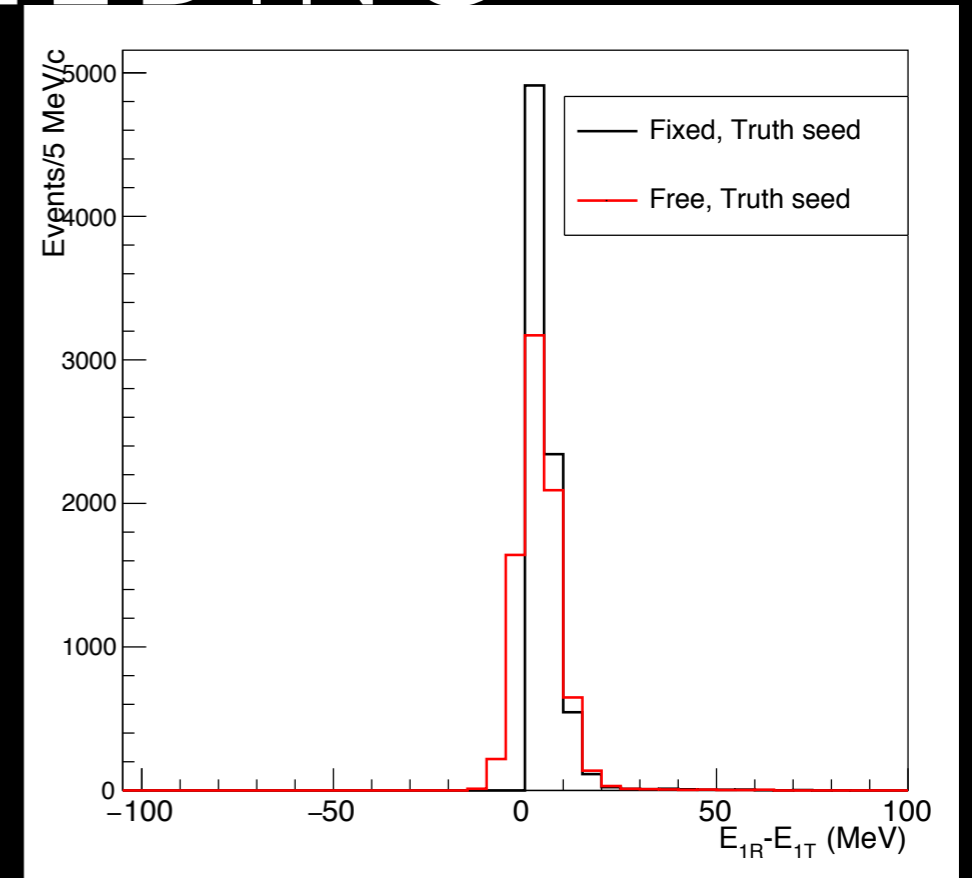


- Improvement in resolution of kinematic quantities.

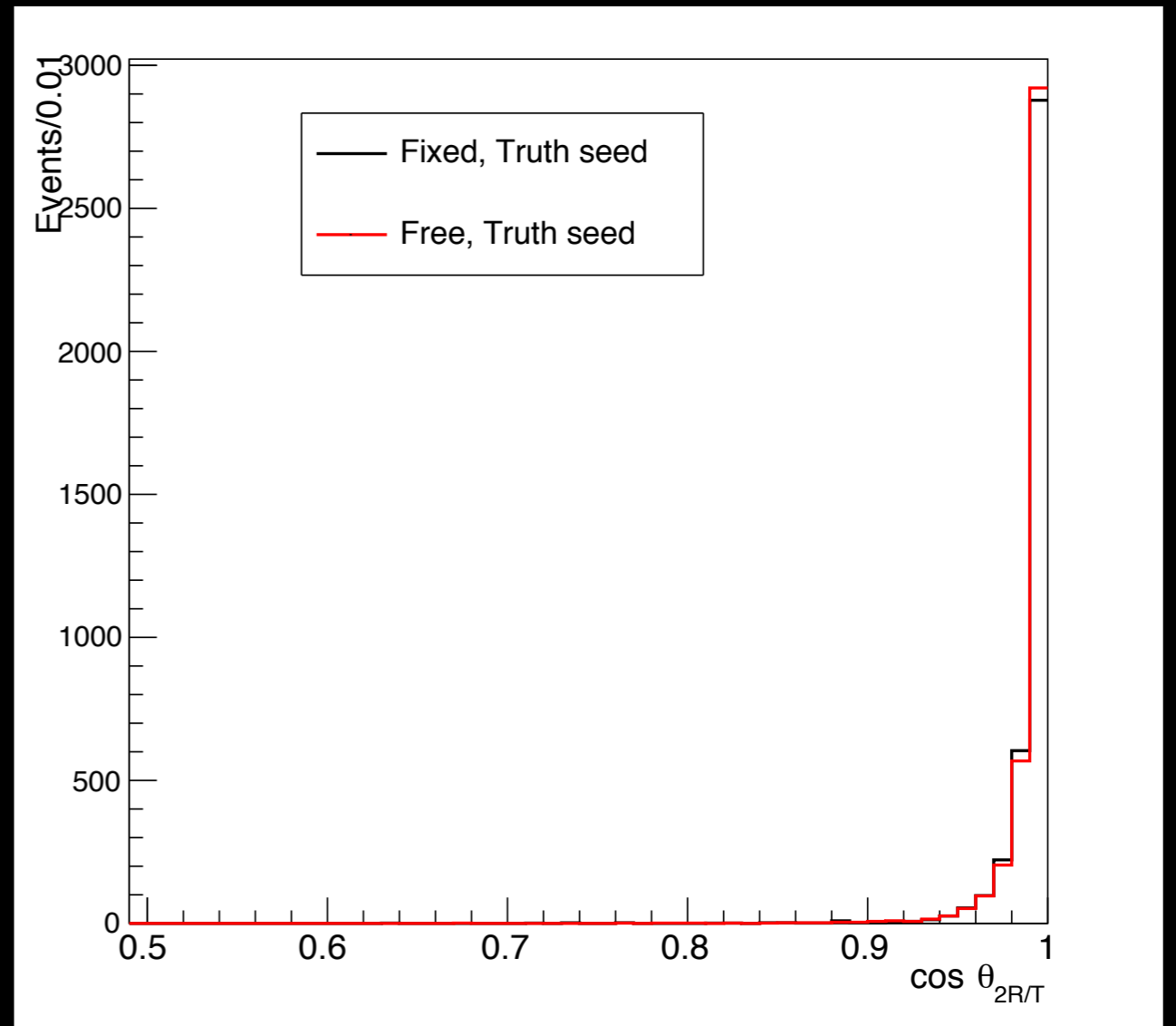
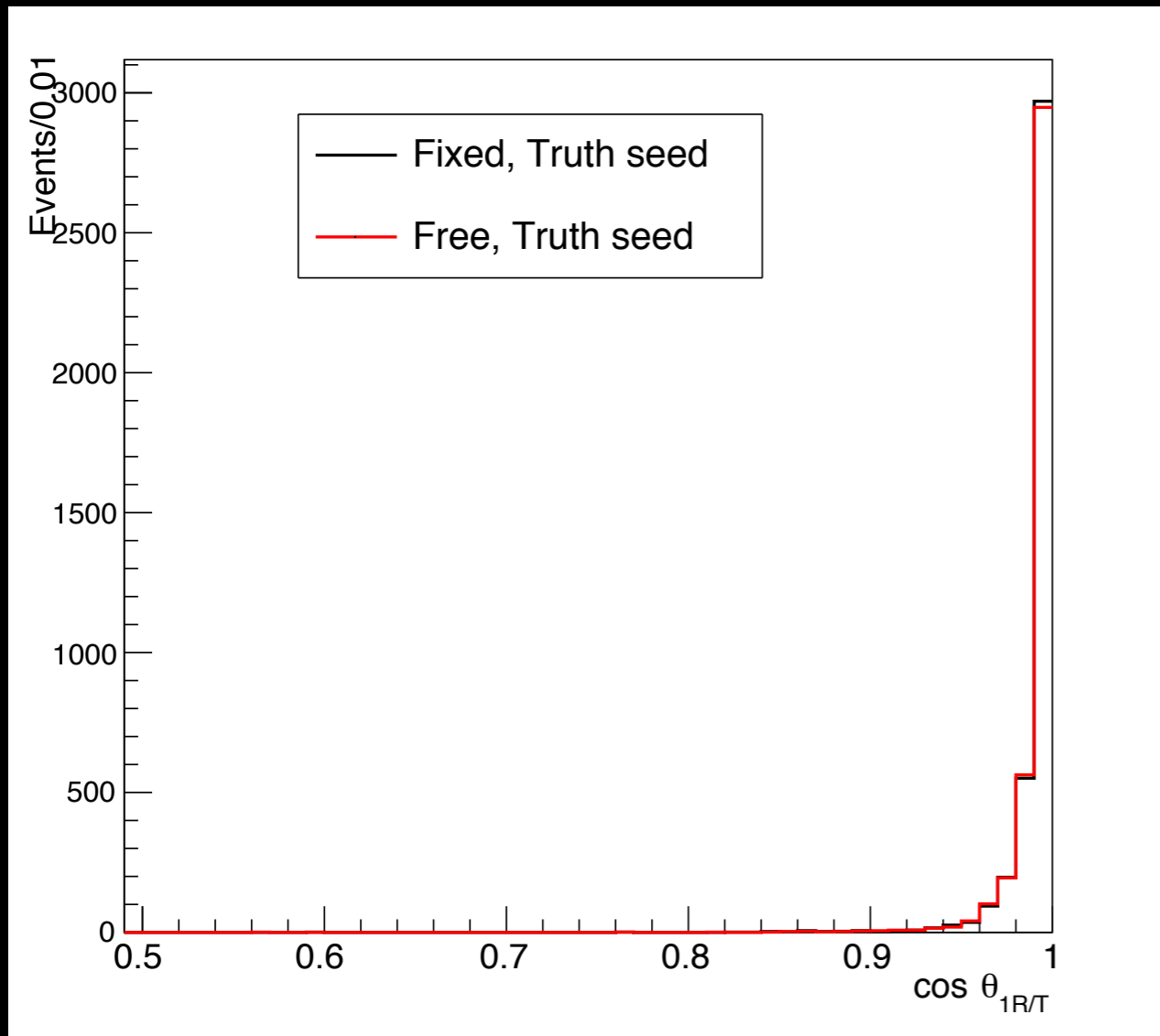
FREE WITH TRUTH SEEDING



- Improvement(?) in overall momentum much less apparent but individual photon energies are still better.

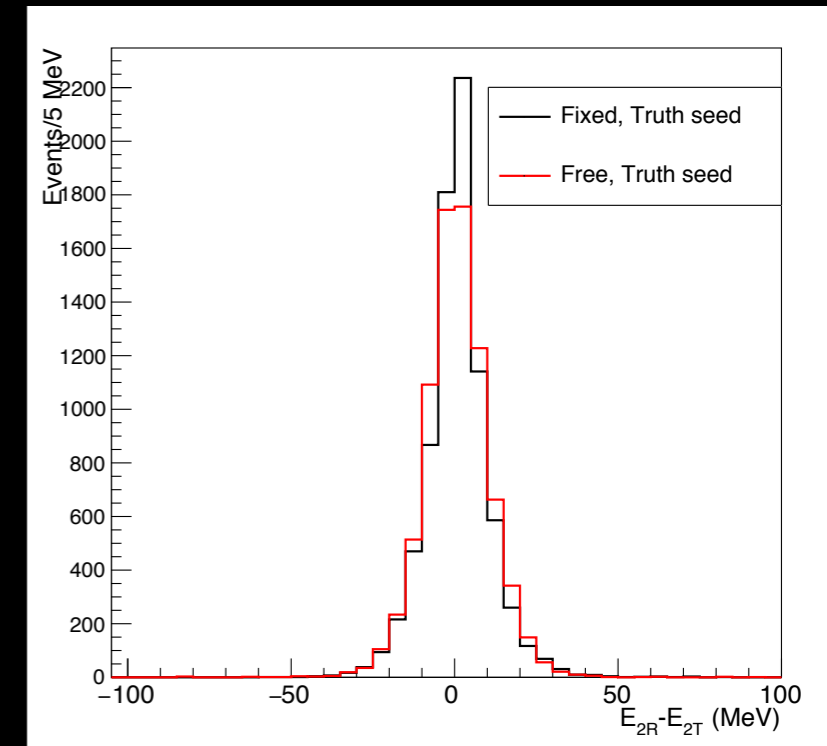
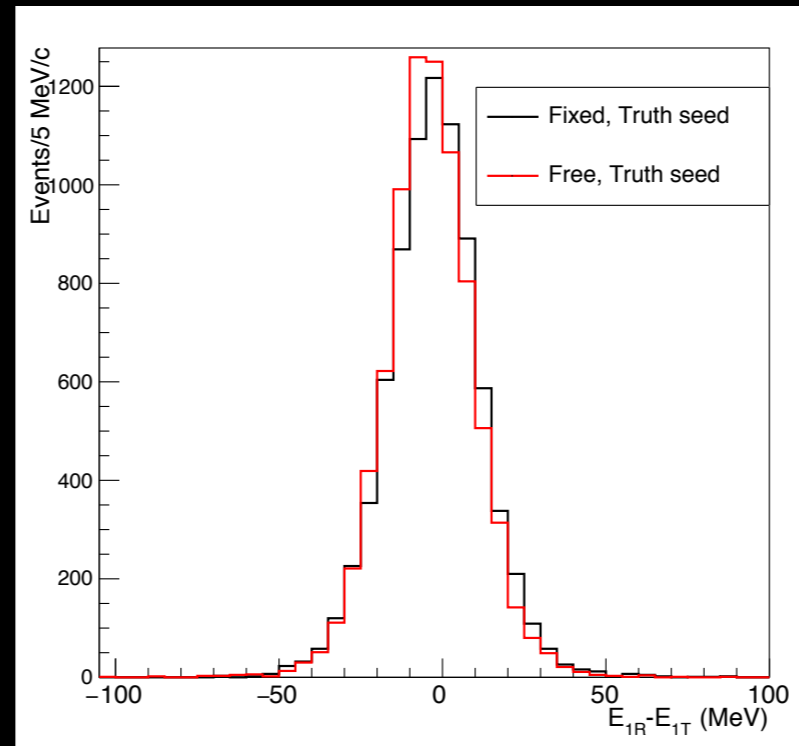
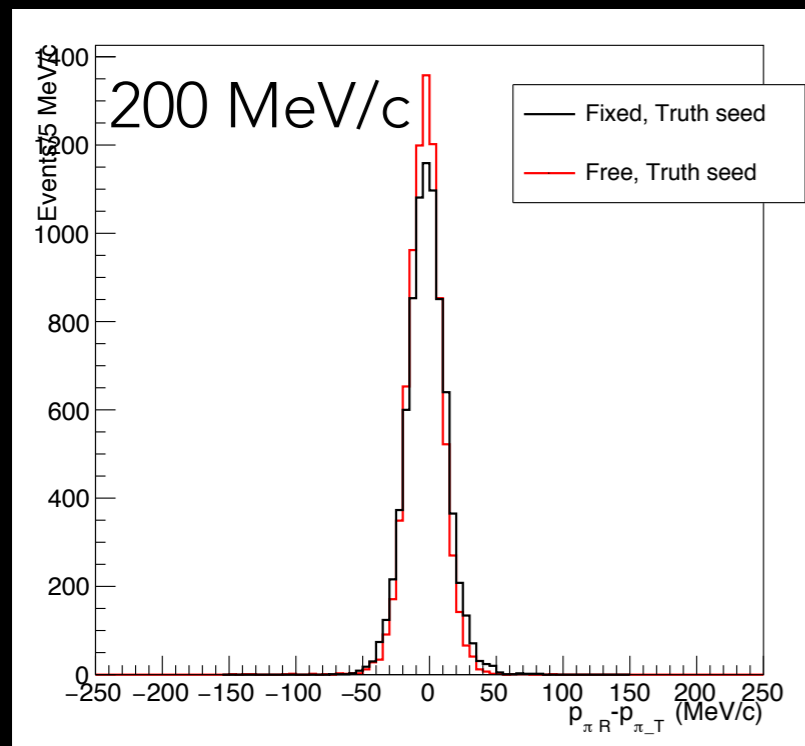
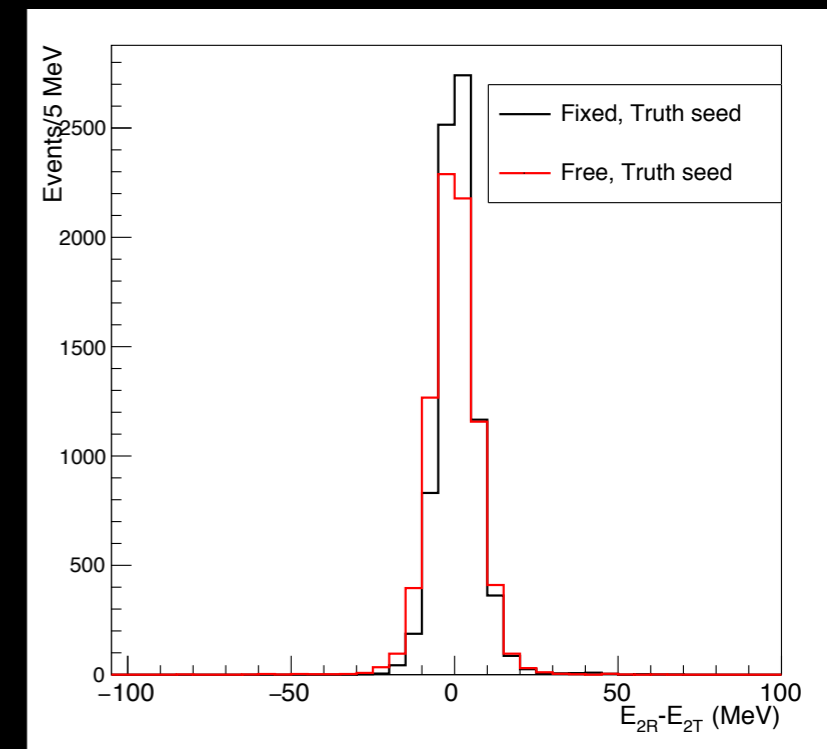
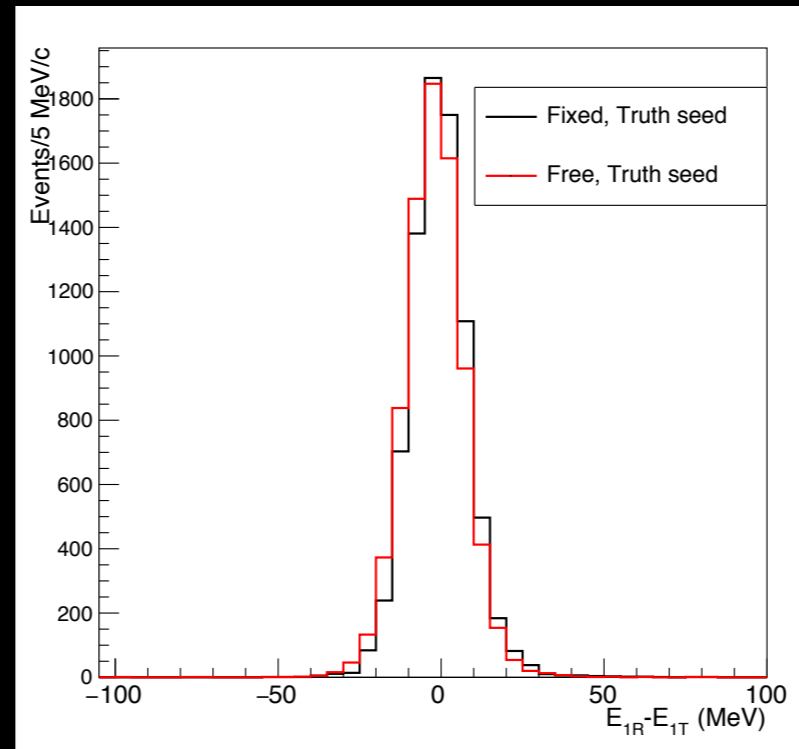
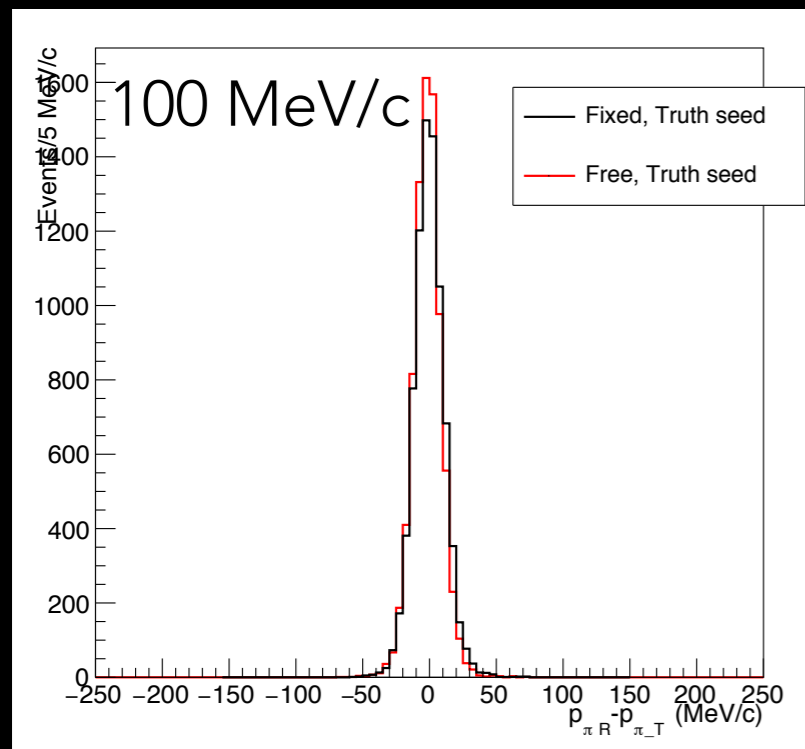


ANGULAR RESOLUTION



- Little improvement in angular resolution

100 AND 200 MEV/C (TRUTH SEED)



- Improvement in E_2 but degradation overall?

THOUGHTS:

- Why is fit performance worse?
- Is setting E_2 somehow hampering the fit?
 - some other way of imposing mass?
- Constrained fit with large penalty term for deviation from π^0 mass?
- Maybe this just doesn't help in this case?
 - why?

CONCLUSIONS

- Nominal fixed-mass π^0 fit seems to have worse performance than standard free mass fit
- Improved truth seeding to obtain true photon conversion points
- Performance of fixed mass fit with truth seeding is still worse than free mass fit with truth seeding
- Good news?
 - Appears that there is room from improvement in π^0 fit, at least at very low momentum
- Try some other ways of imposing mass condition
 - any other ideas?